

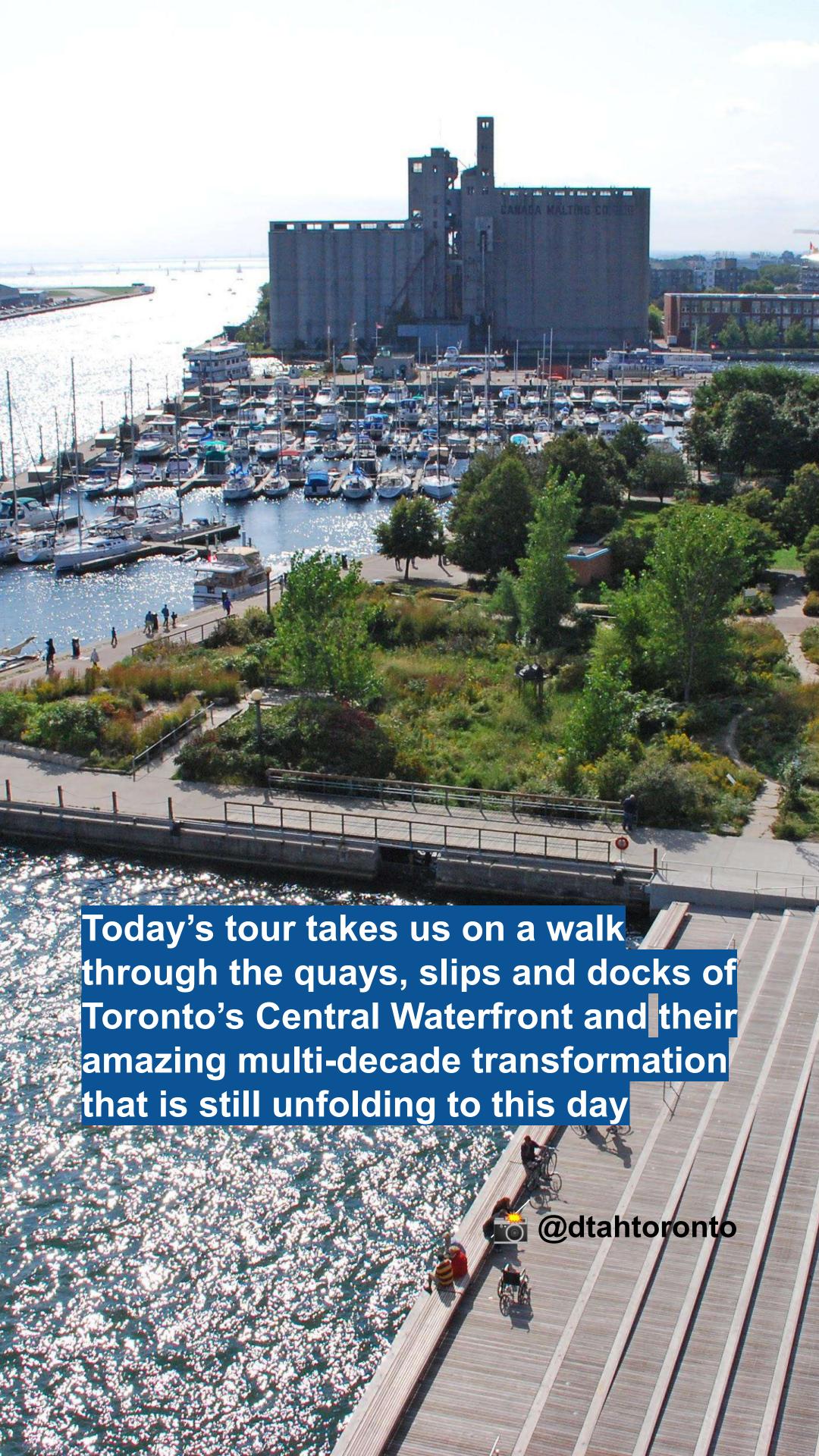
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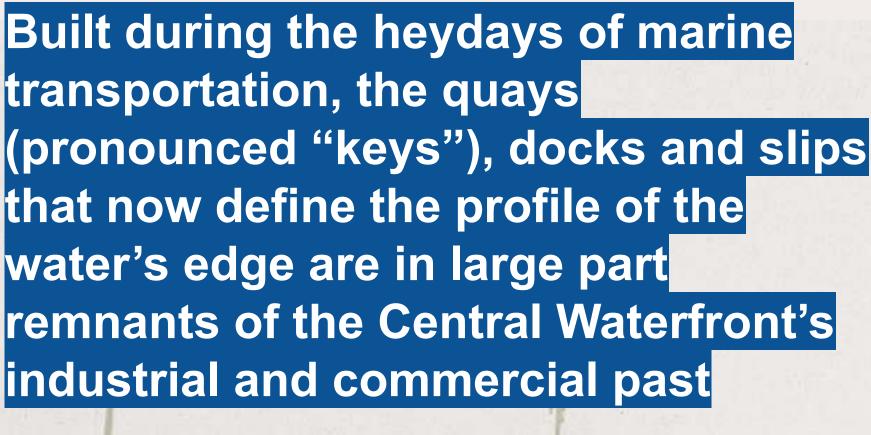
Missing our TSA tours this summer?

Well put on your walking shoes because we're taking you on a walk all across the waterfront!

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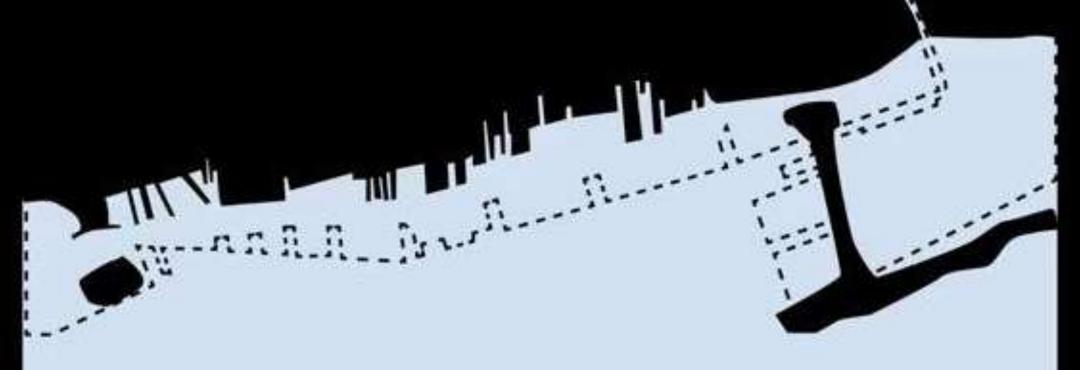
Throughout the summer we'll be sharing the stories behind some of Toronto's waterside landscapes and structures — everything you need to know to go exploring on your own!





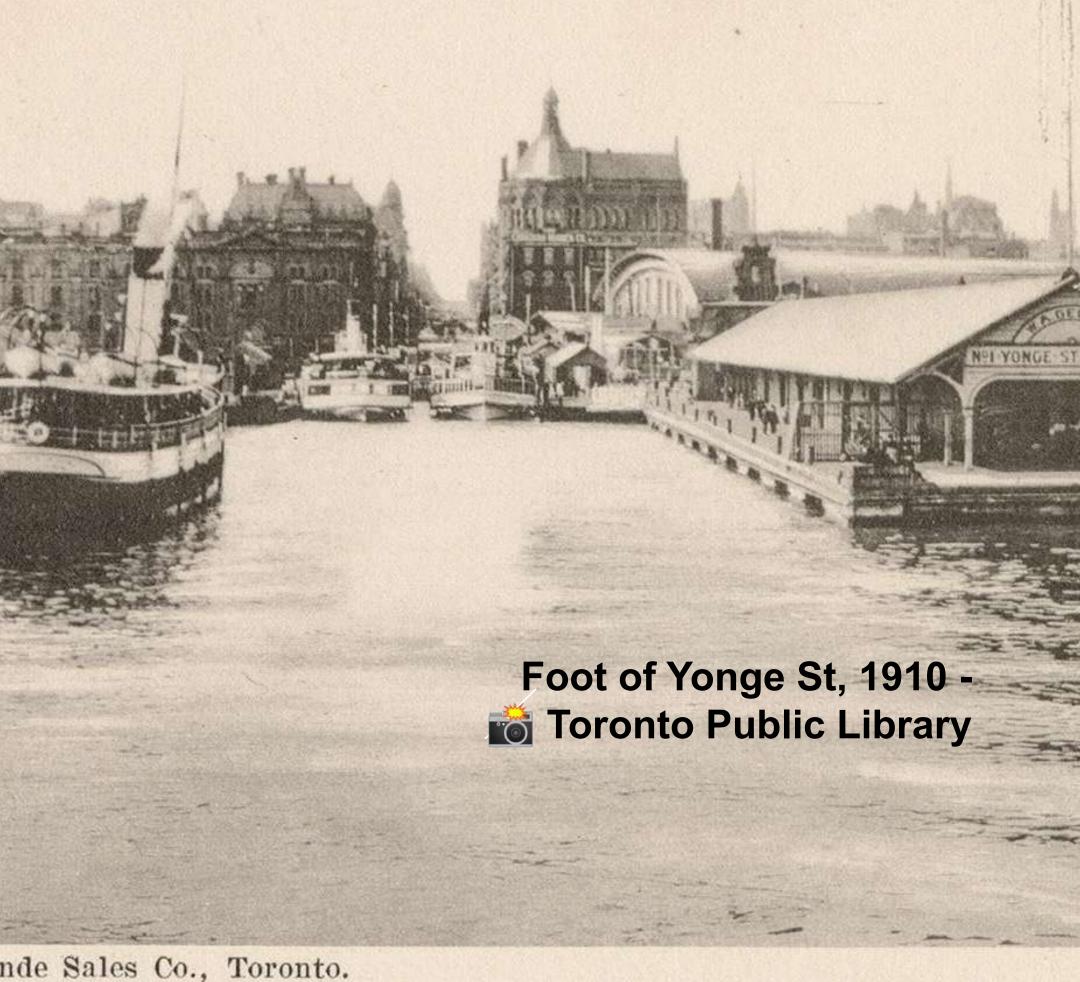


Originally following present-day Front Street, the water's edge we see today is the result of over 100 years of lake infilling started in 1850s extending the shore farther and farther south (by a kilometer or more in some places)



1910

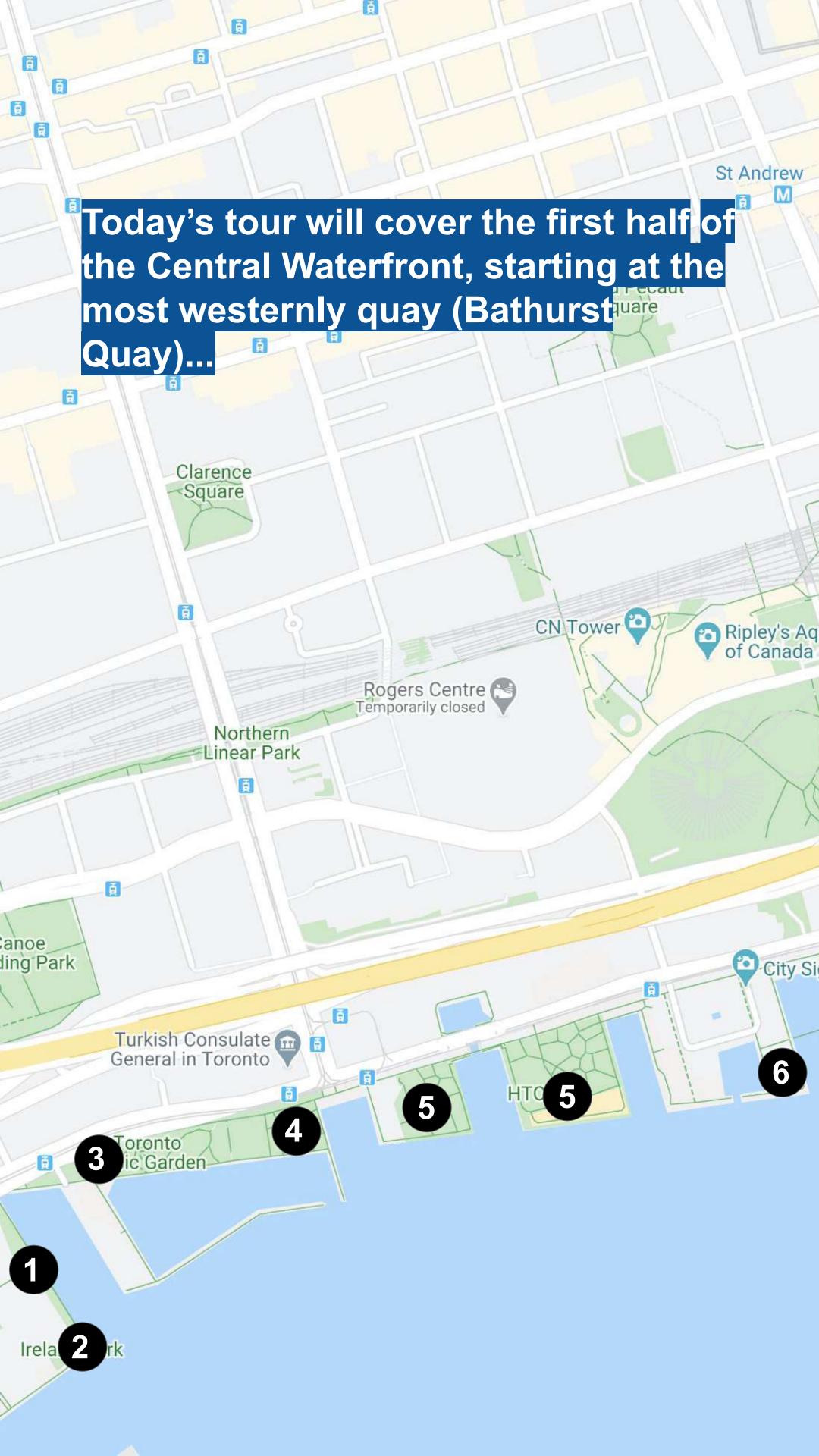
These successive infillings responded to the construction of wharfs, piers, slips and quays, all of increasing size over time, built to accommodate ever larger commercial ships and the buildings needed to store their goods. They were landside connections between water, rail and roads connecting Central Canada to the rest of the world.

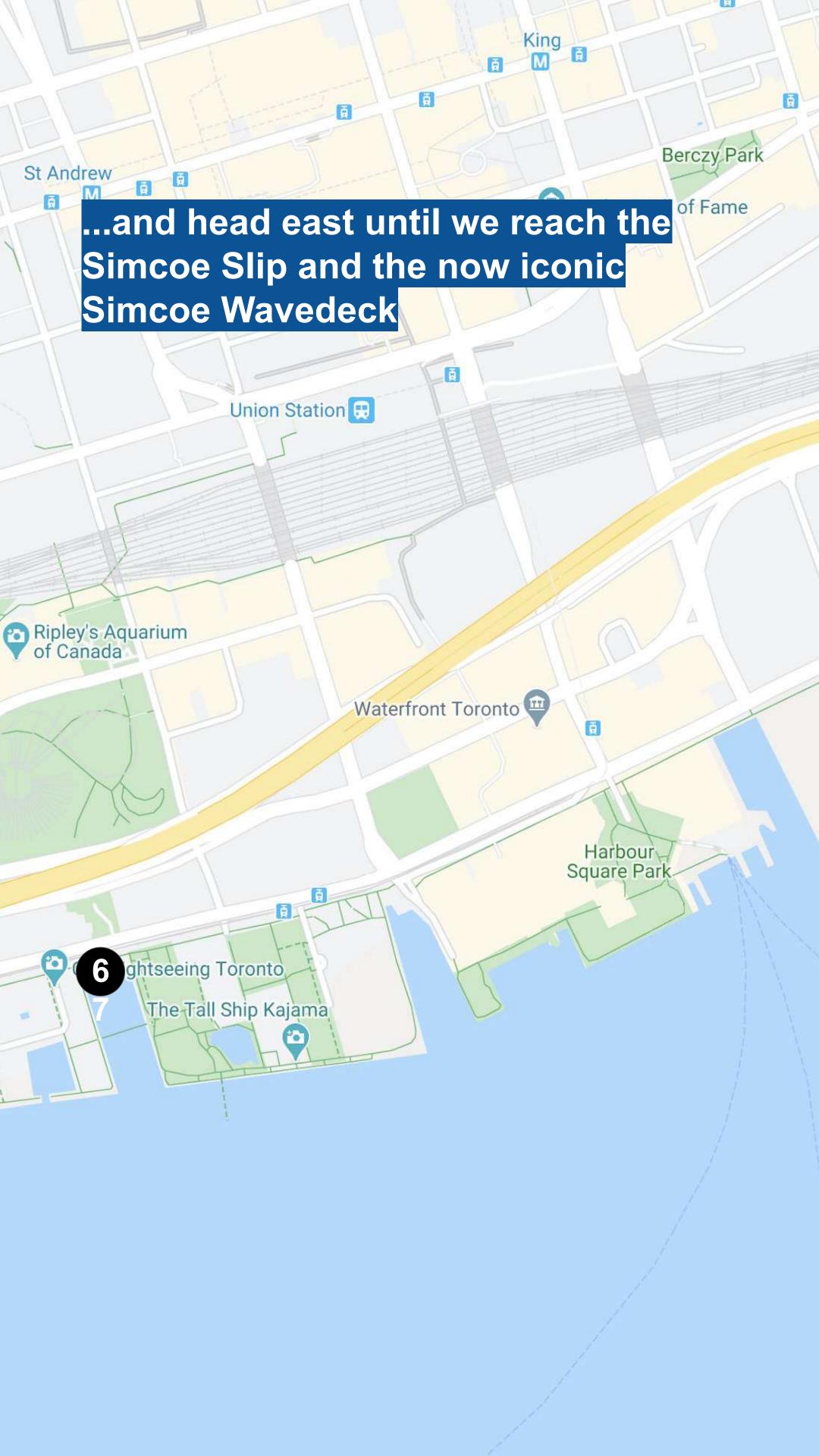




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While you could decide to walk all of the Central Waterfront in one day, we recommend you break it up into at least two trips to give yourself enough time to explore the unique character of each of the quays





Generally speaking, the quays on this side of the harbour are the oldest, most of them built between 1916 to 1921. They are smaller than the ones east of Bay Street and have more slips, reflecting the smaller sizes of boats used back then



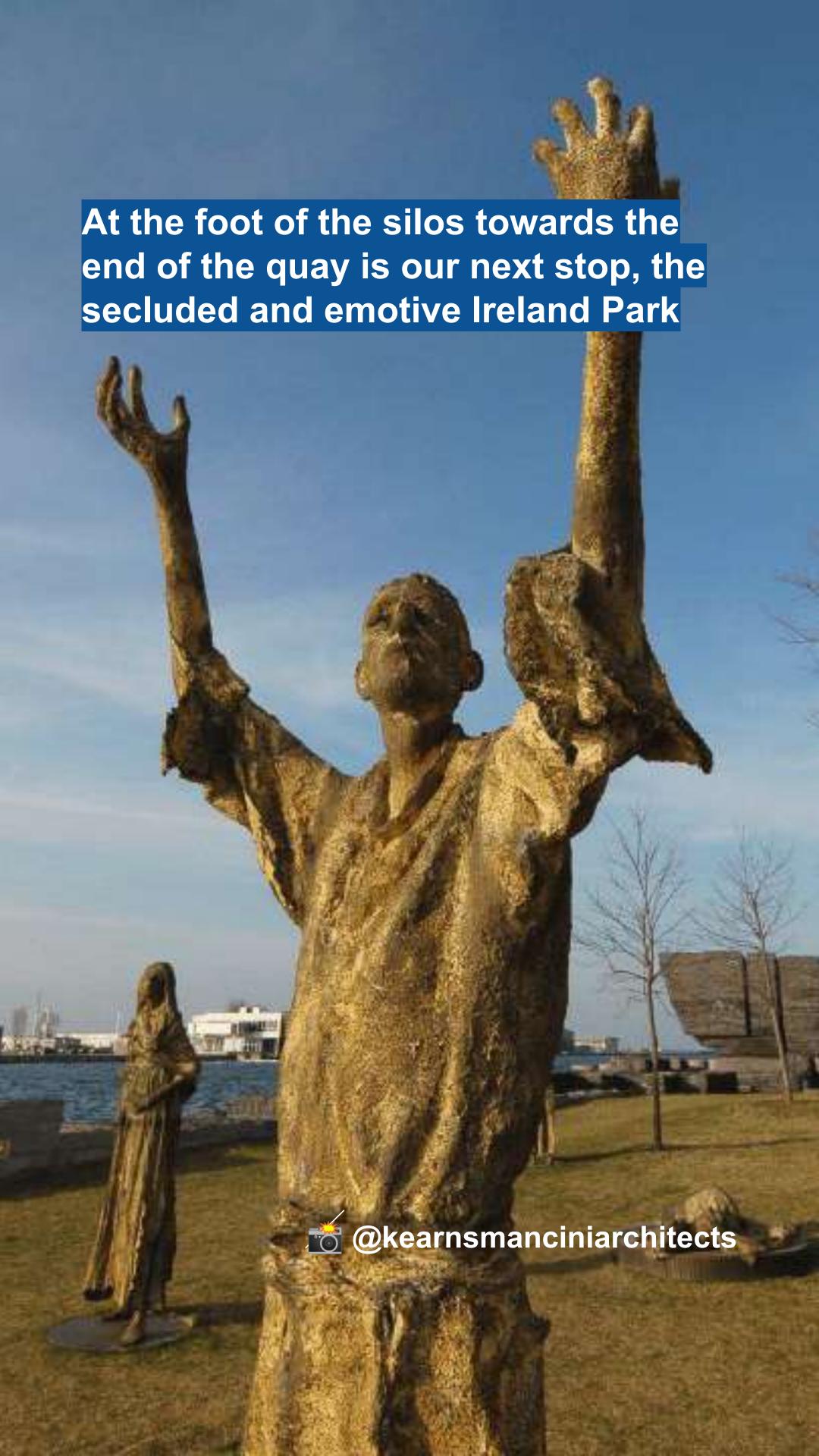


Built between 1929 and 1944, the silos are one of two remaining grain elevators in the harbour — reminders of our industrial past and examples of a unique building type developed in North America that influenced architecture Modern movement



The south silos (1929) were designed by the John Metcalf Company and are an early example of the innovative explosion-resistant reinforced concrete grain elevator introduced in 1924. Toronto's earlier wooden grain elevators were all lost to fire

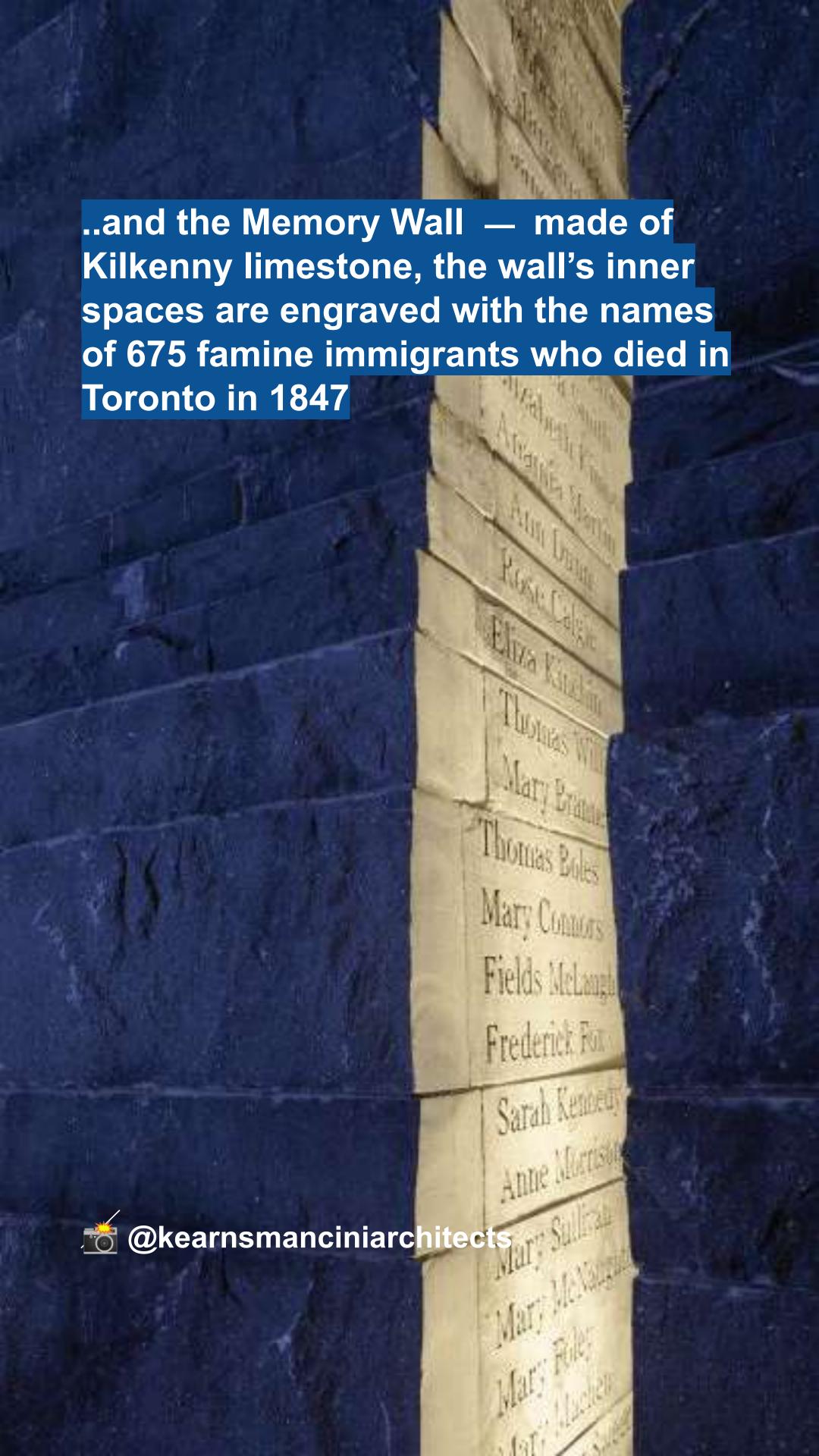




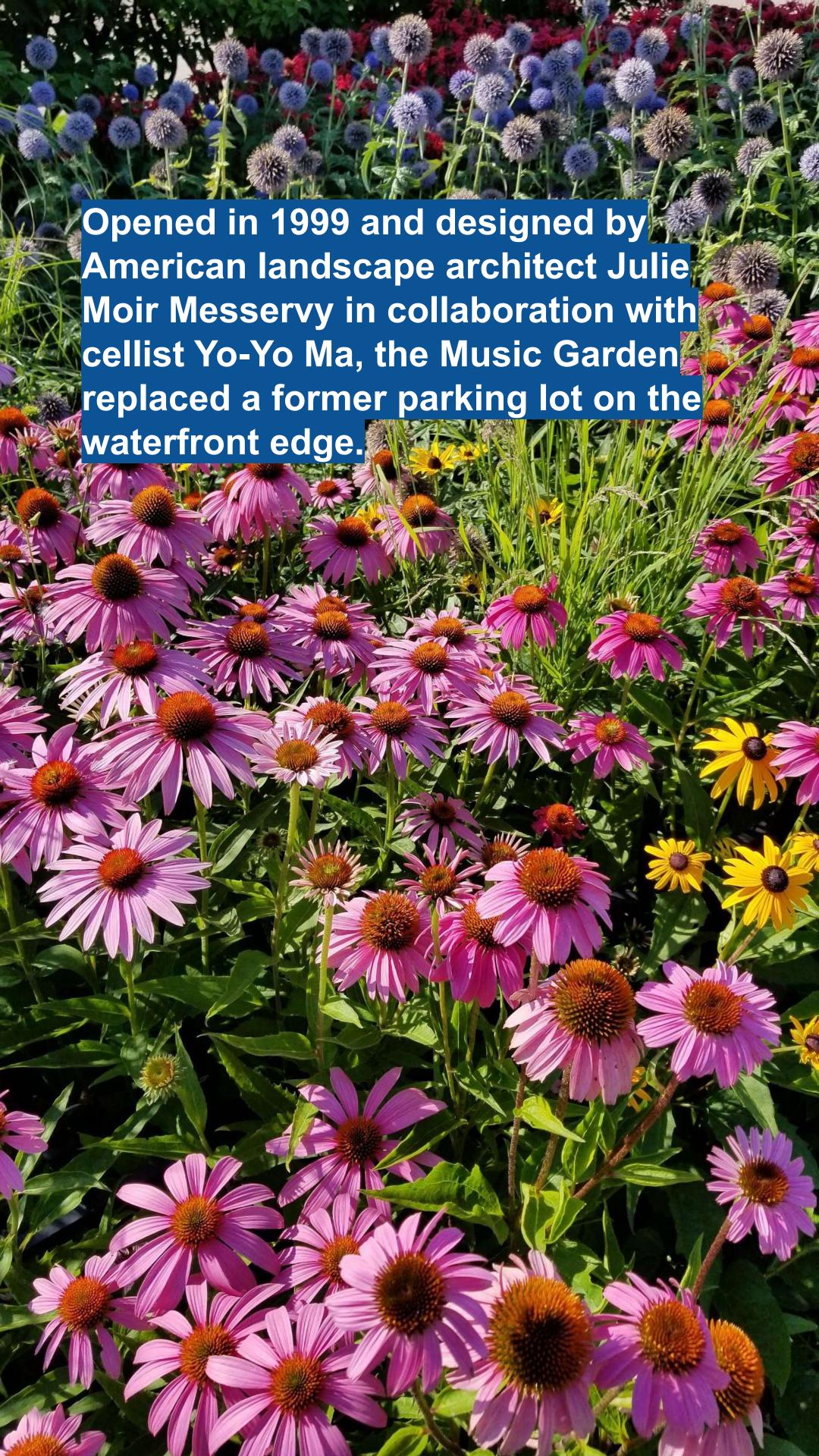
Opened in 2007 and designed by Kearns Mancini Architects, this park honours Irish immigrants who fled Ireland's Great Famine, including the 38,000 migrants who arrived to Toronto in 1847



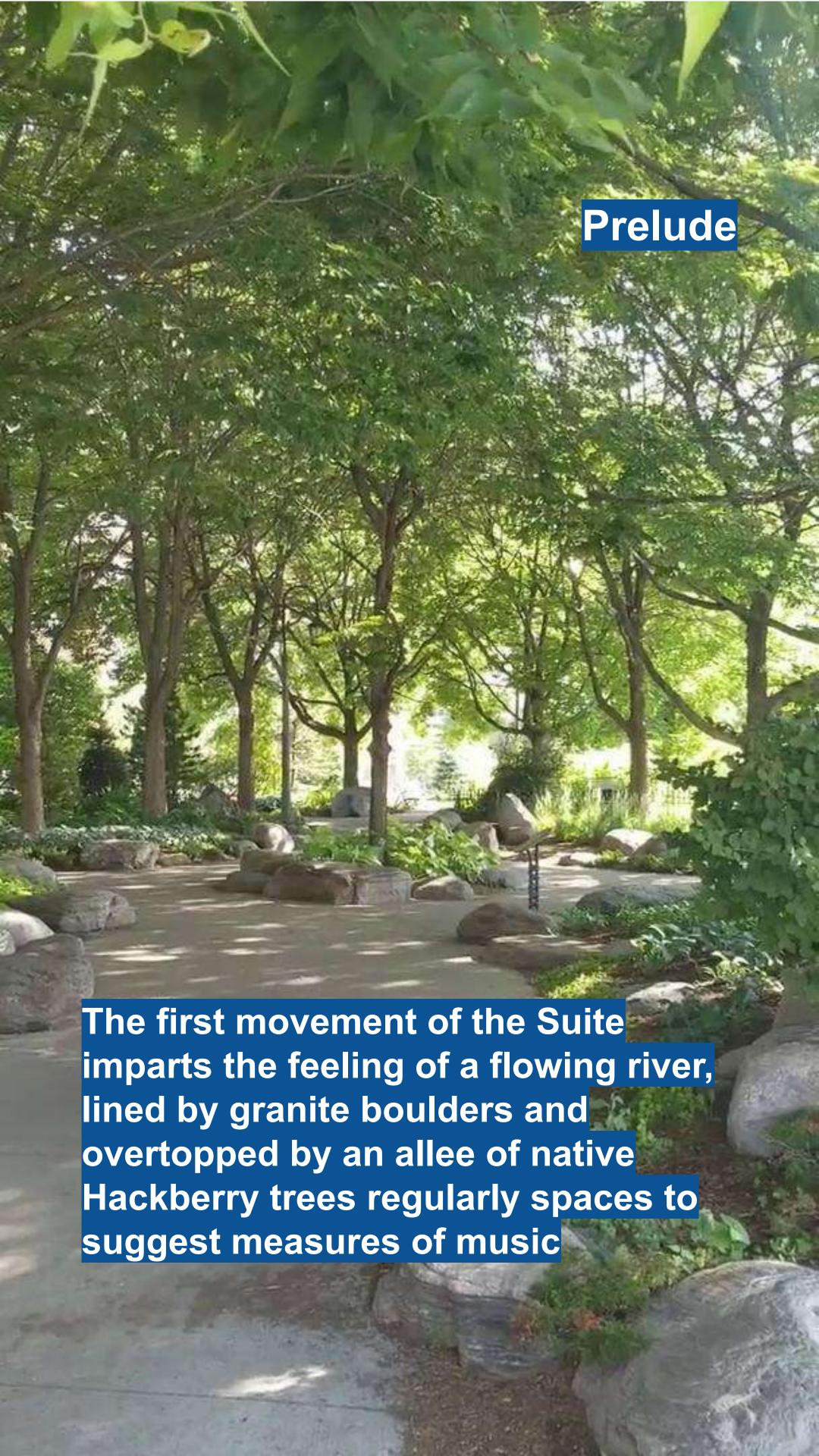


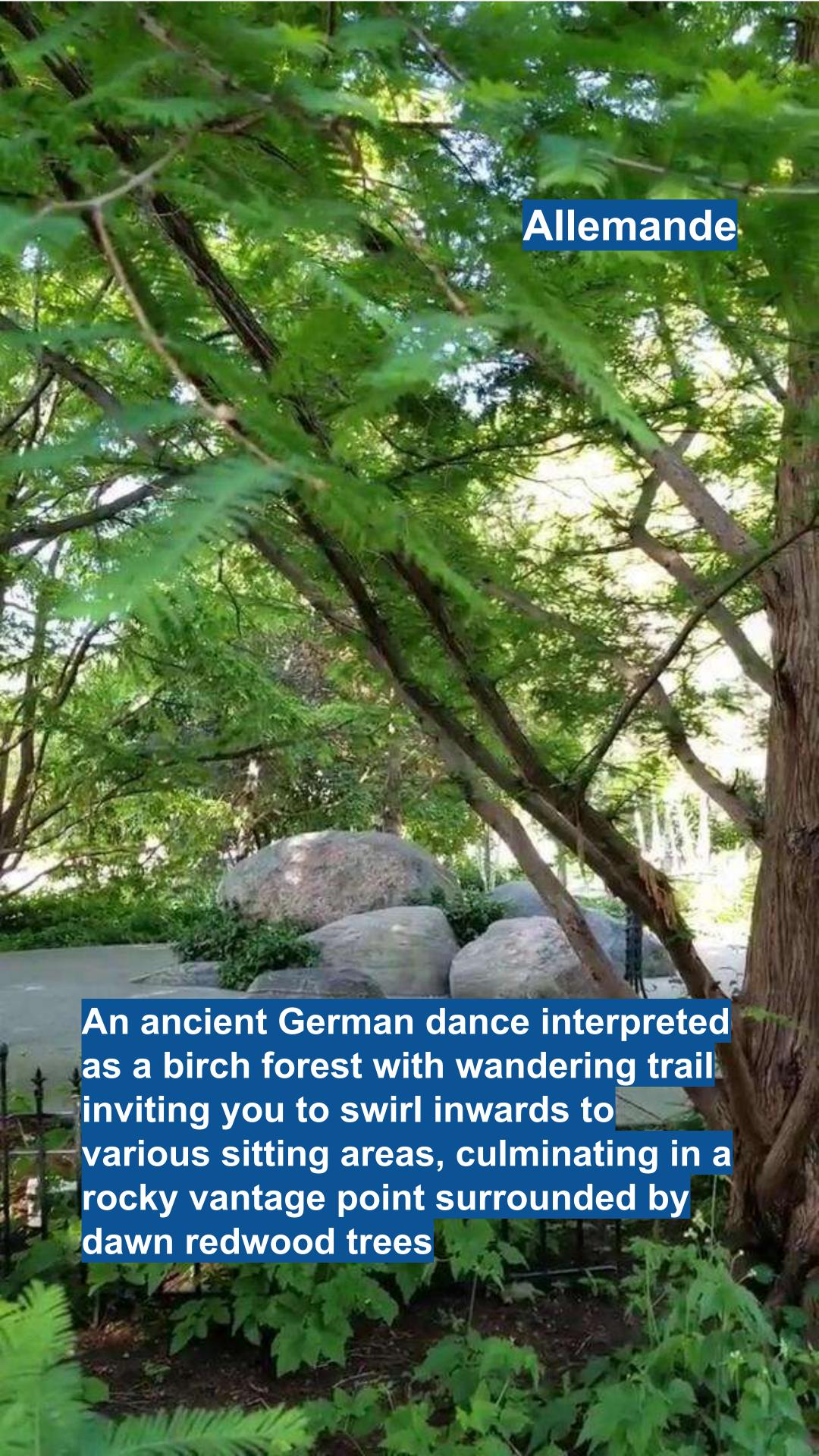


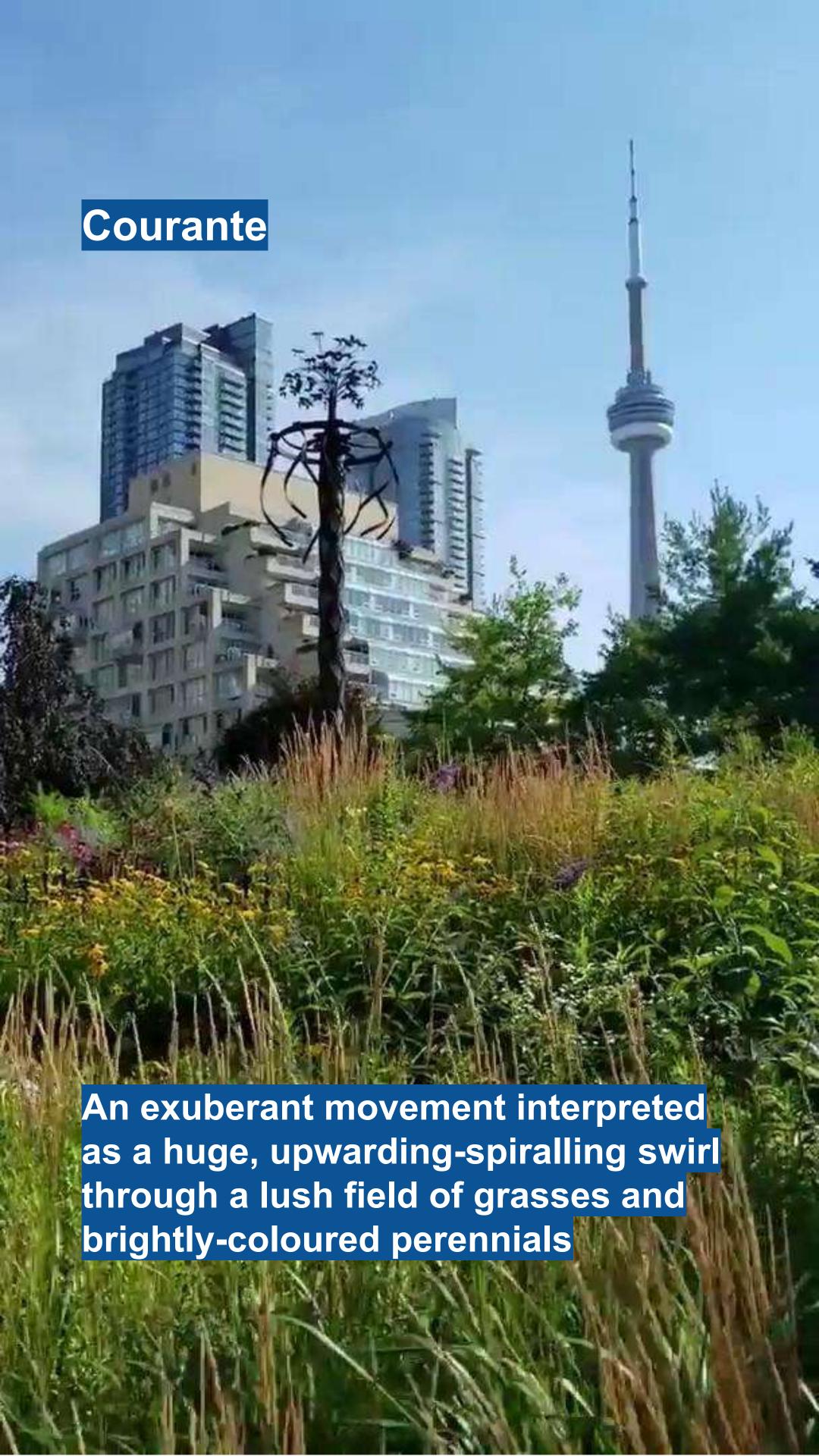


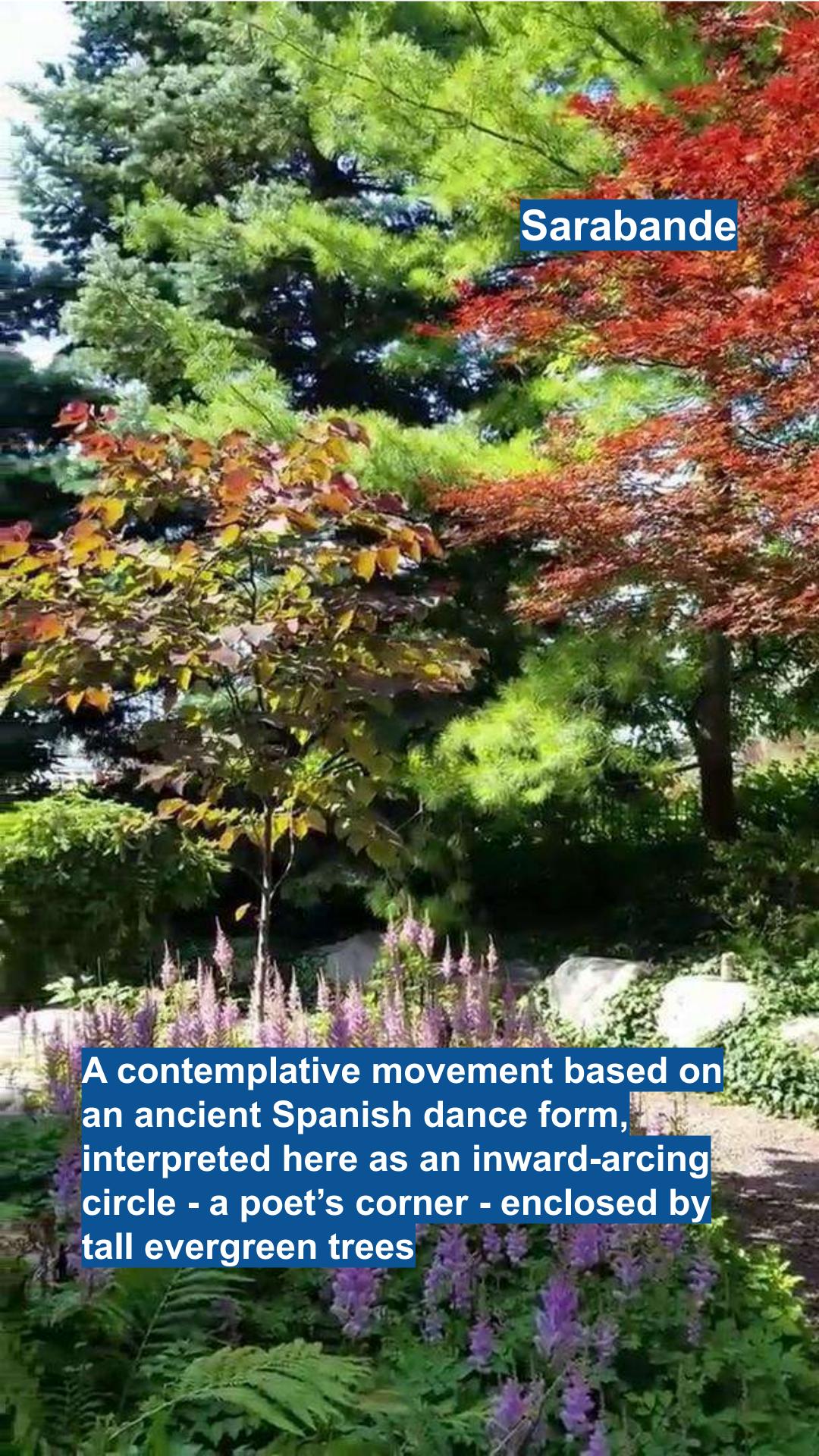


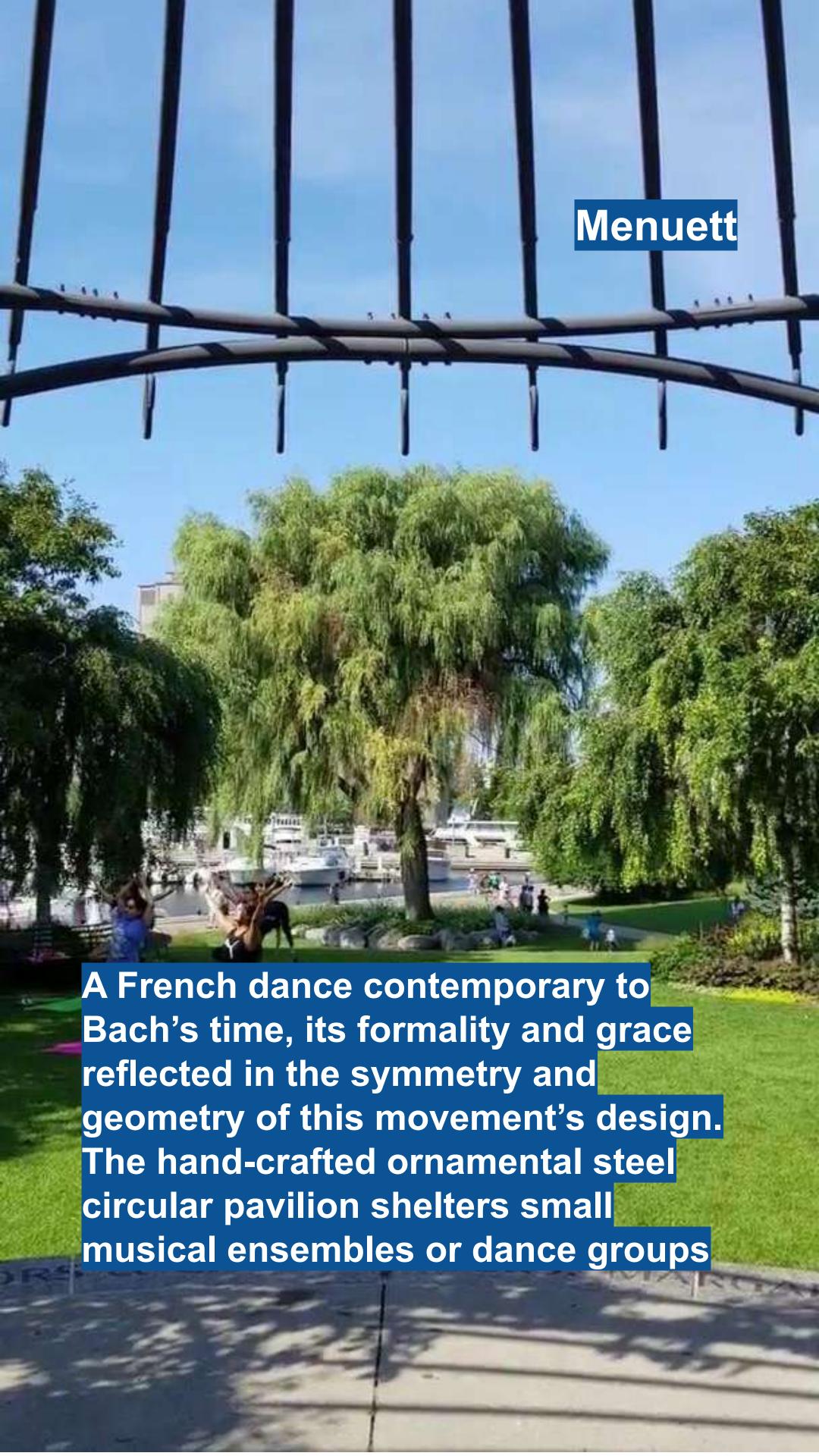


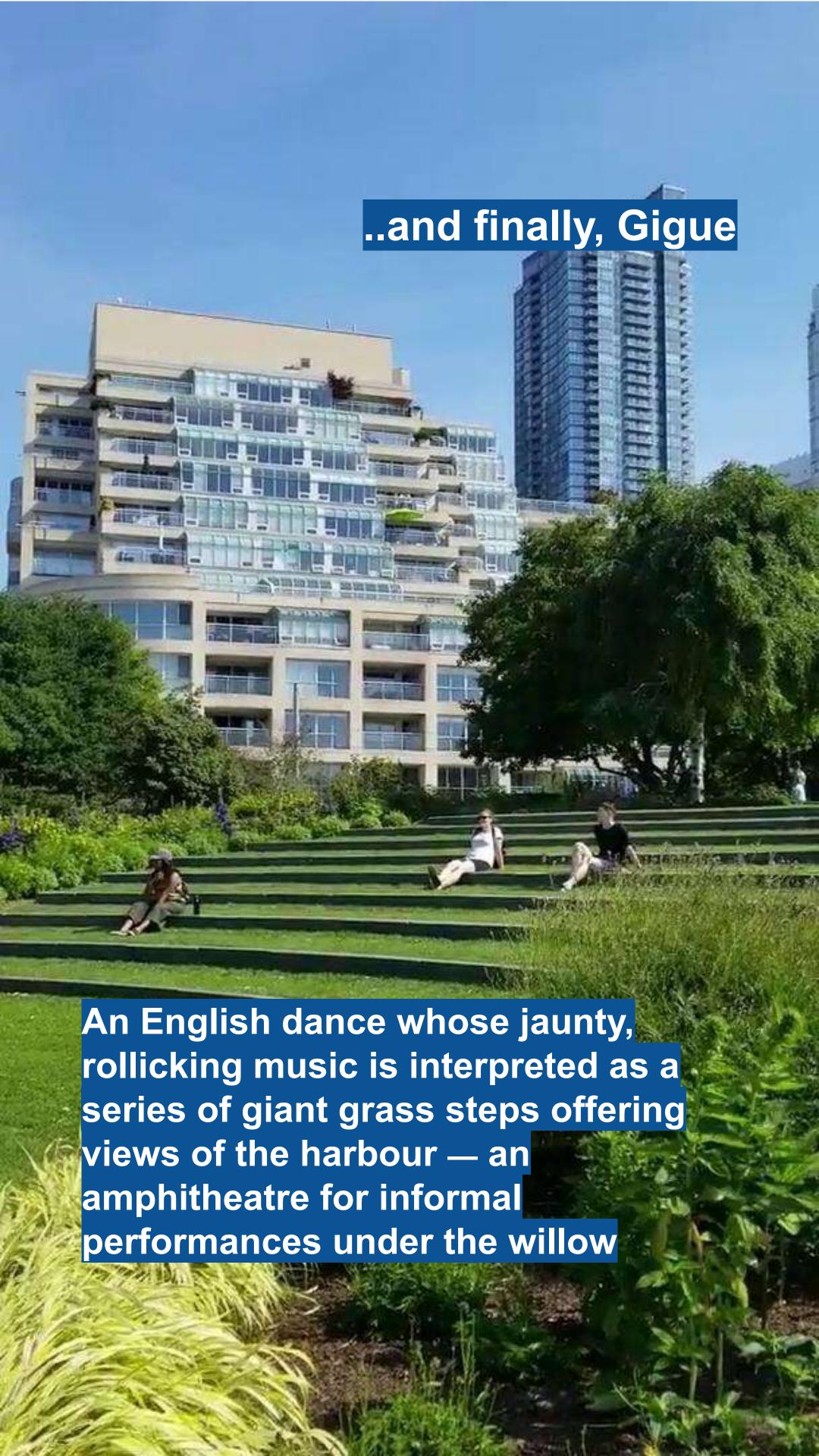


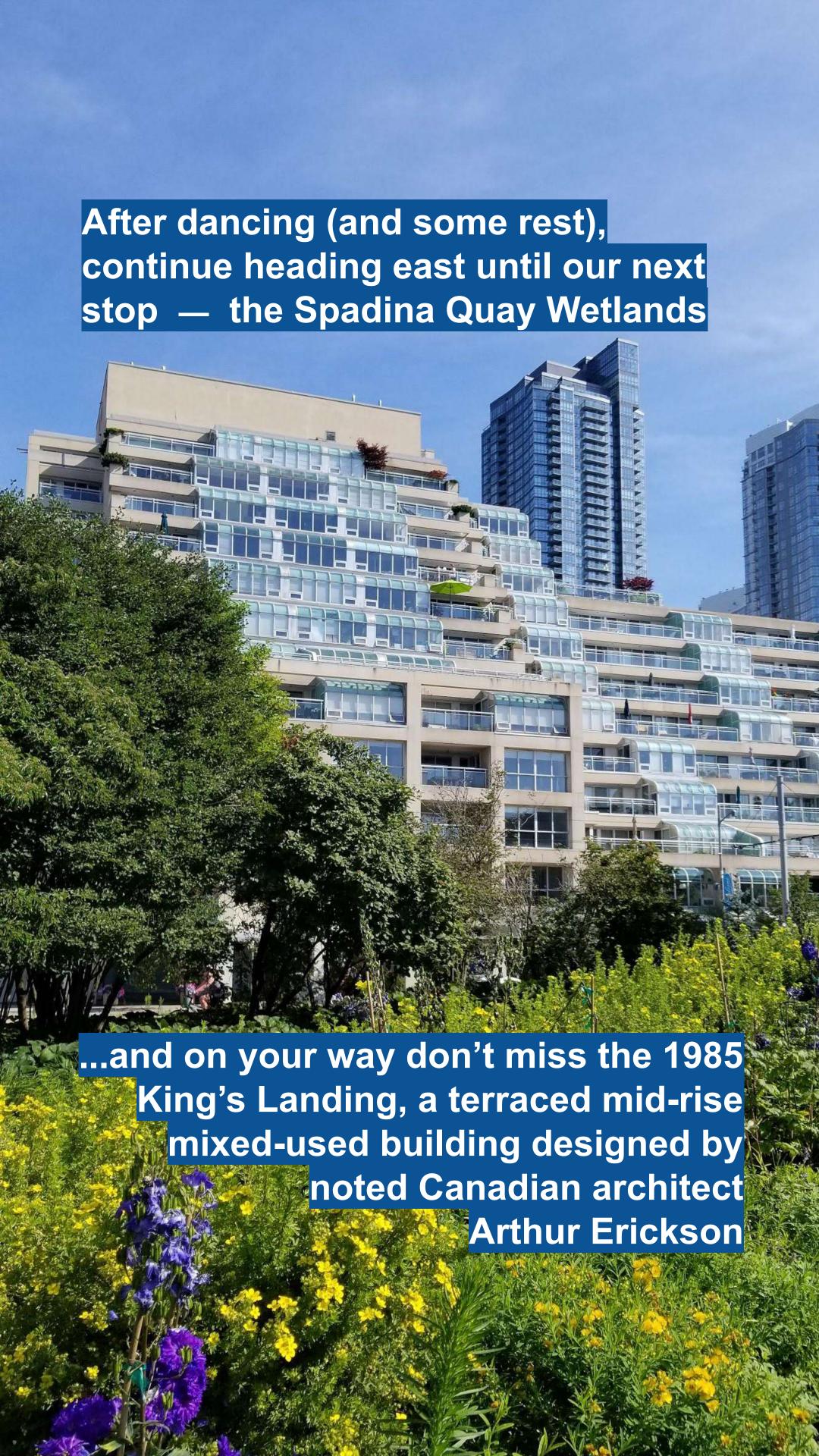


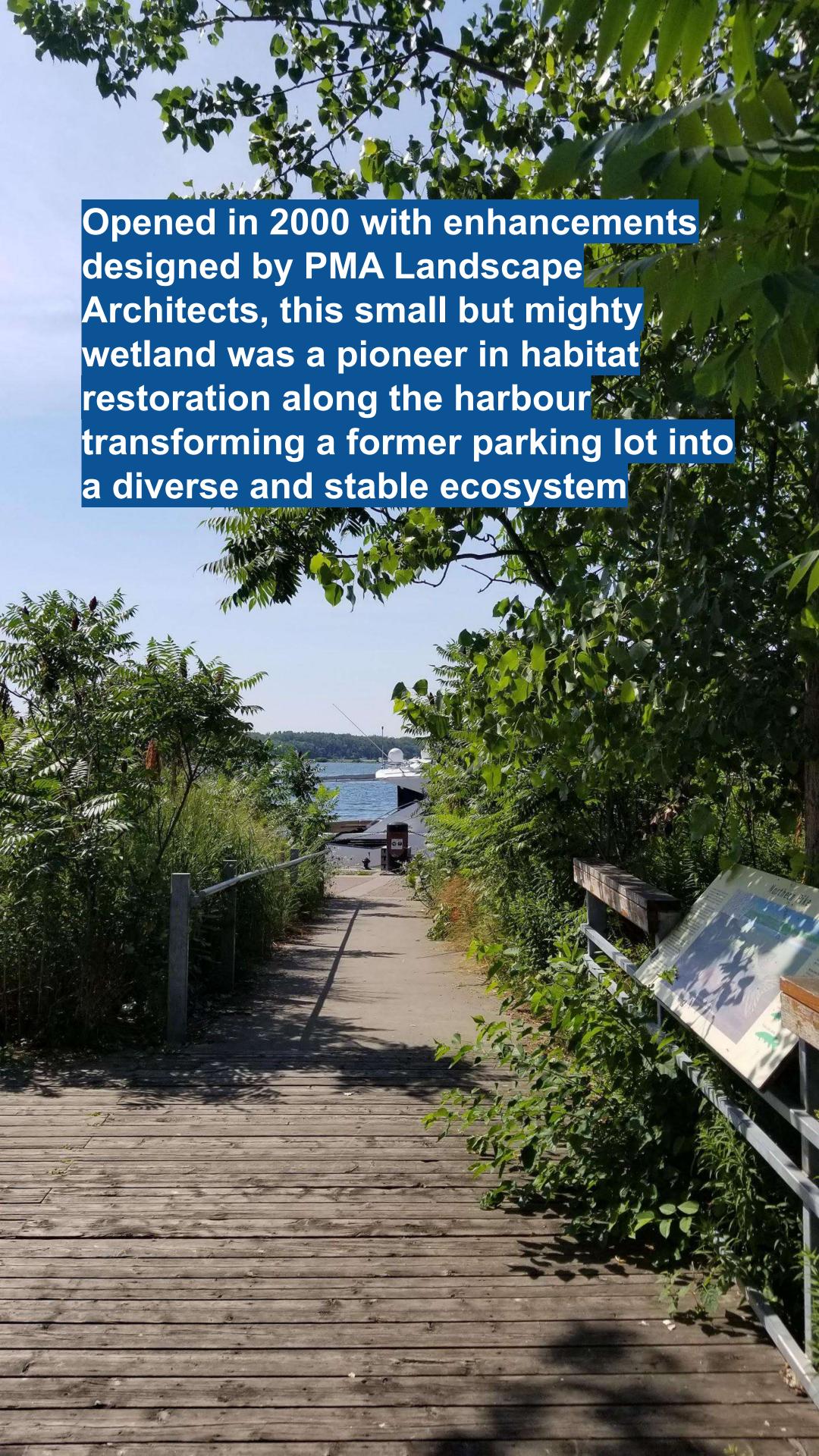


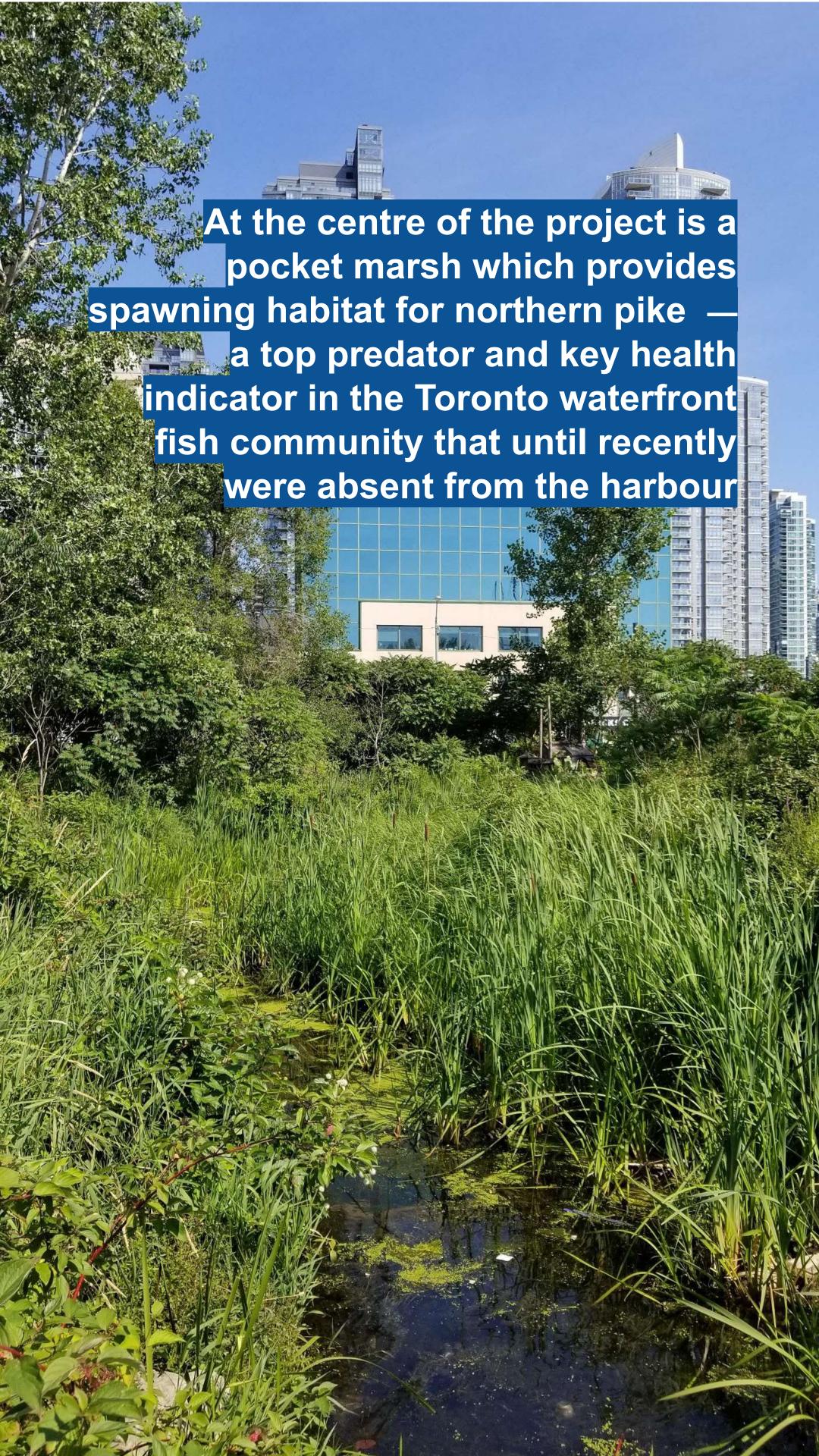


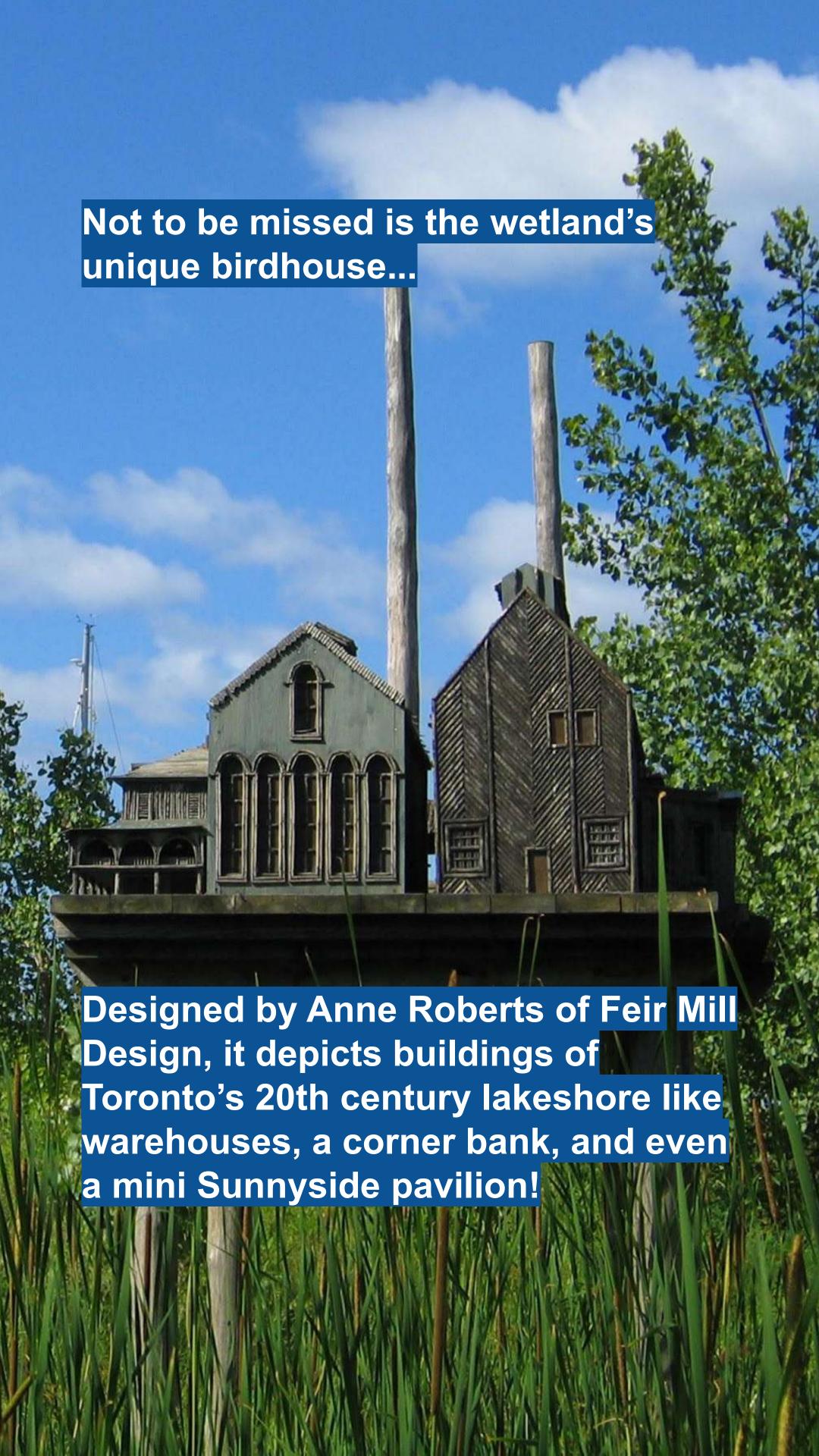










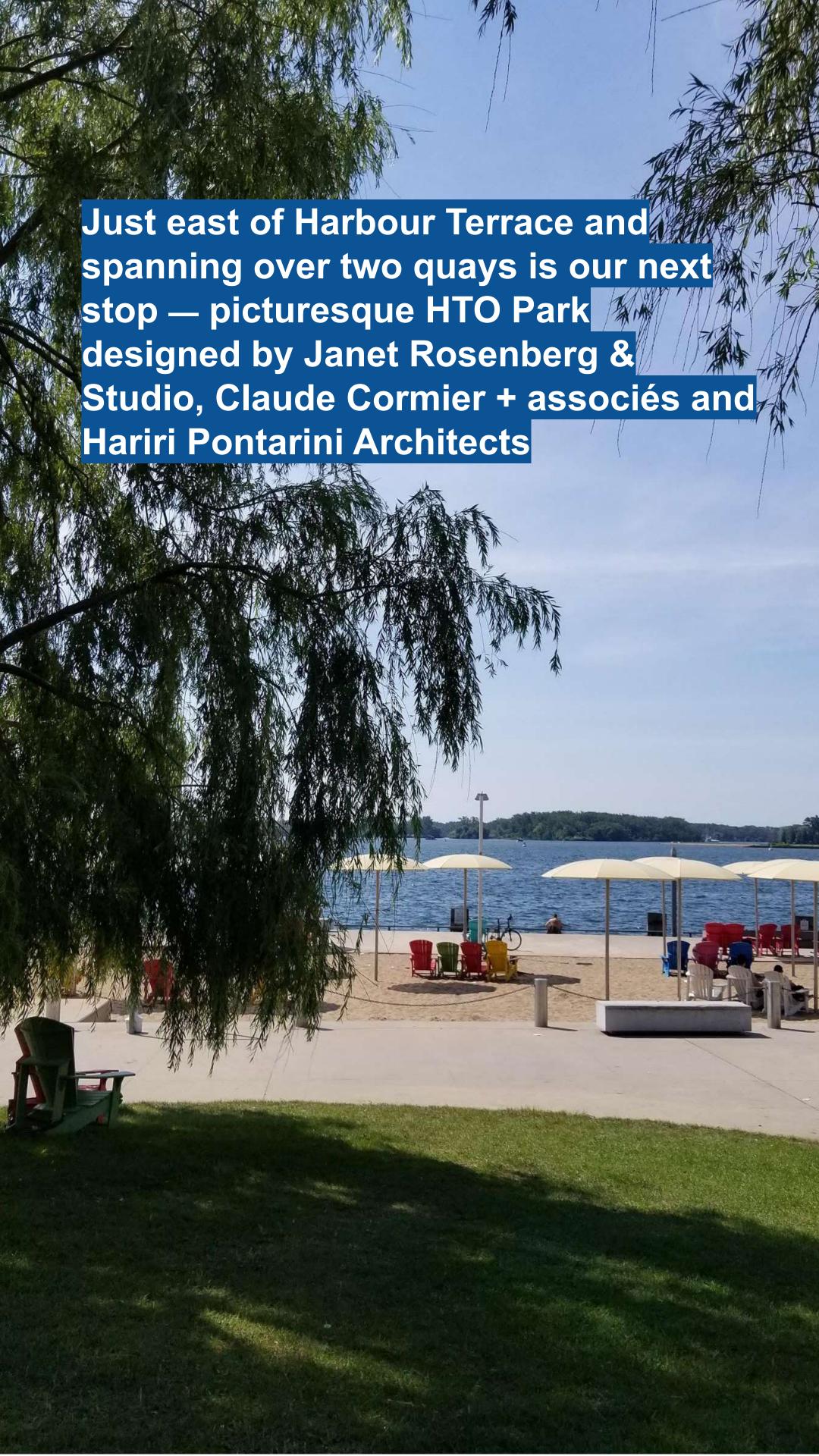


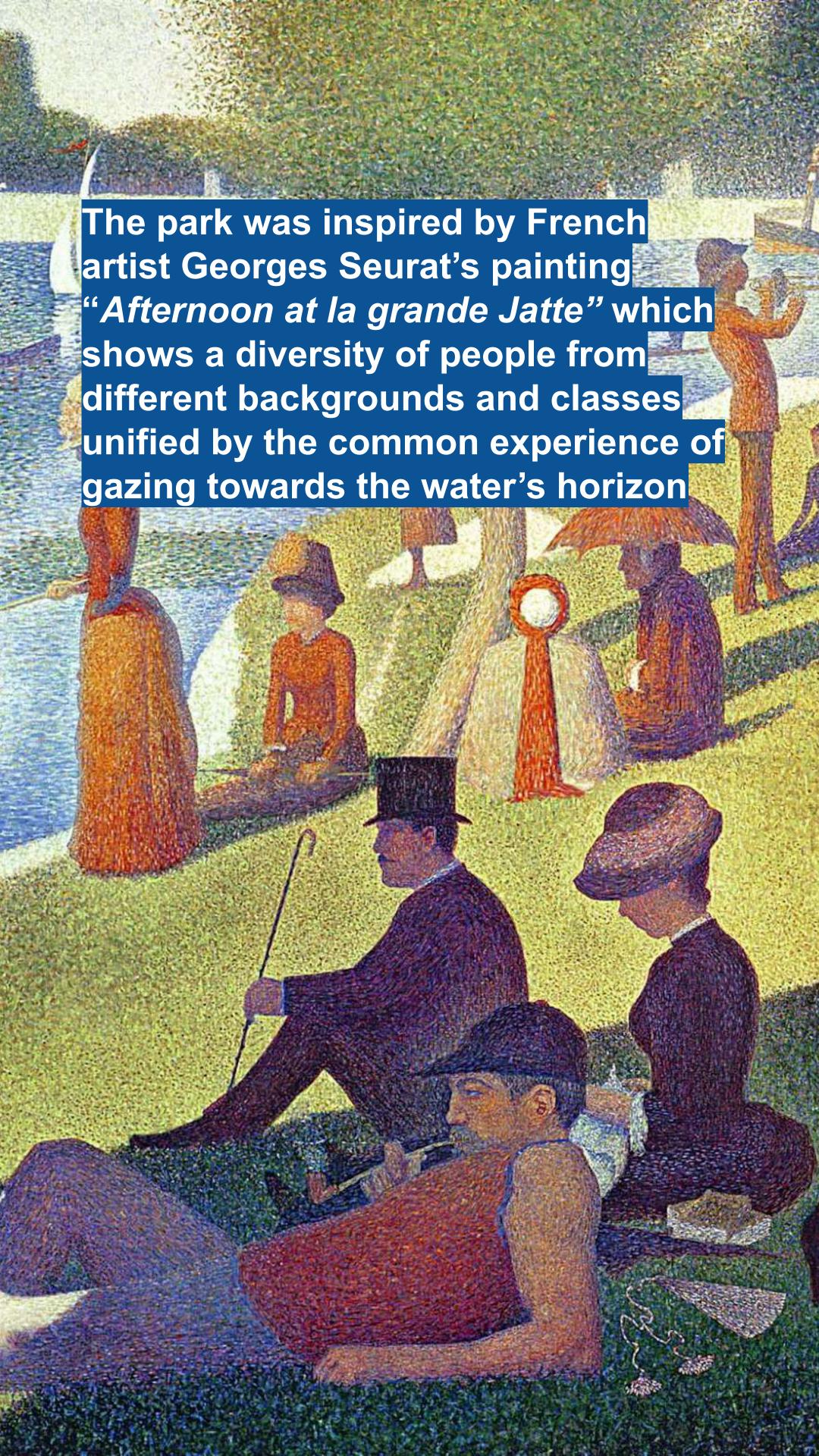


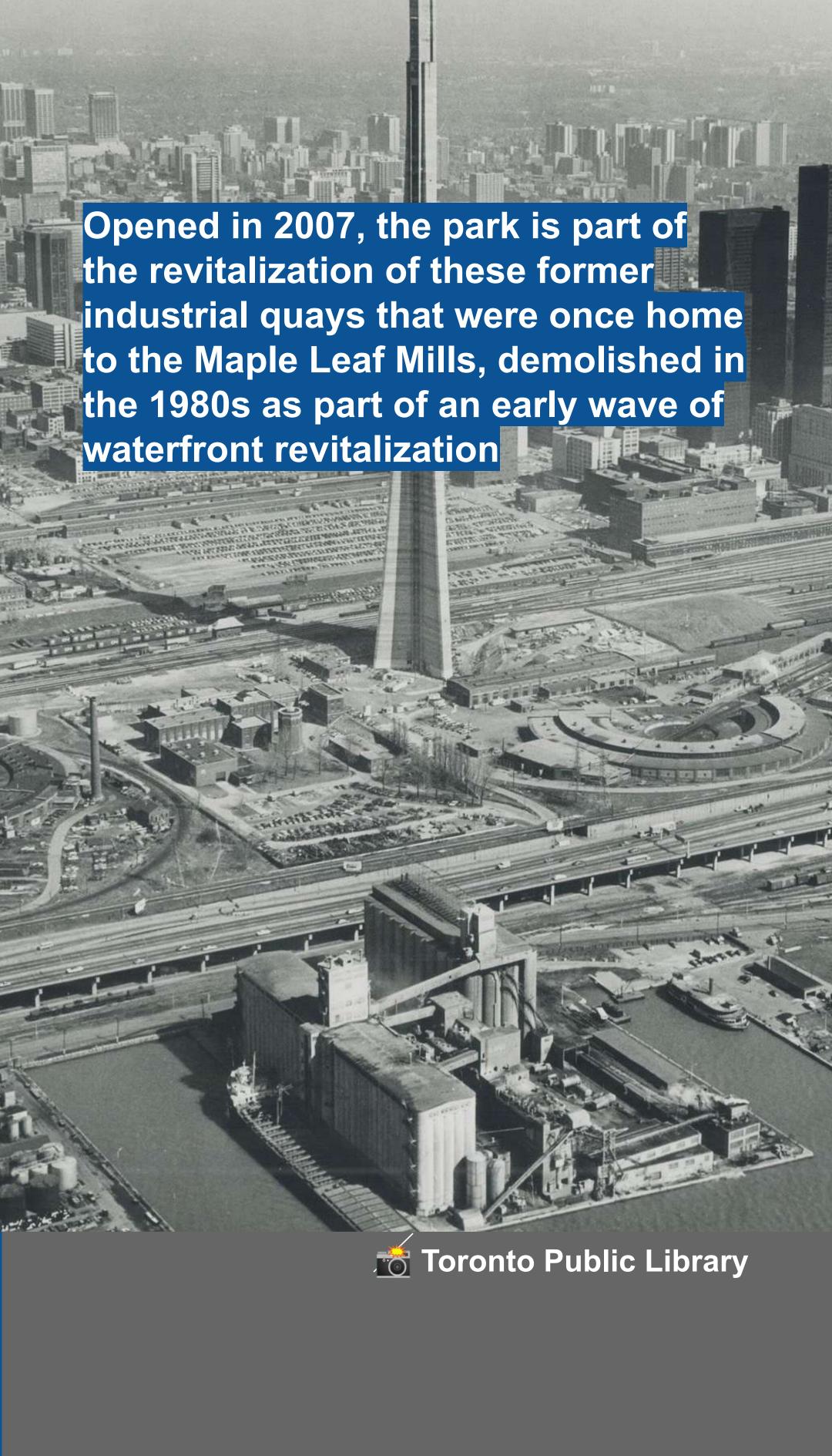
Now head past the Spadina wavedeck (we'll speak more about those later) and onto our next two quays — Maple Leaf Quay East and West, now home to HTO Park



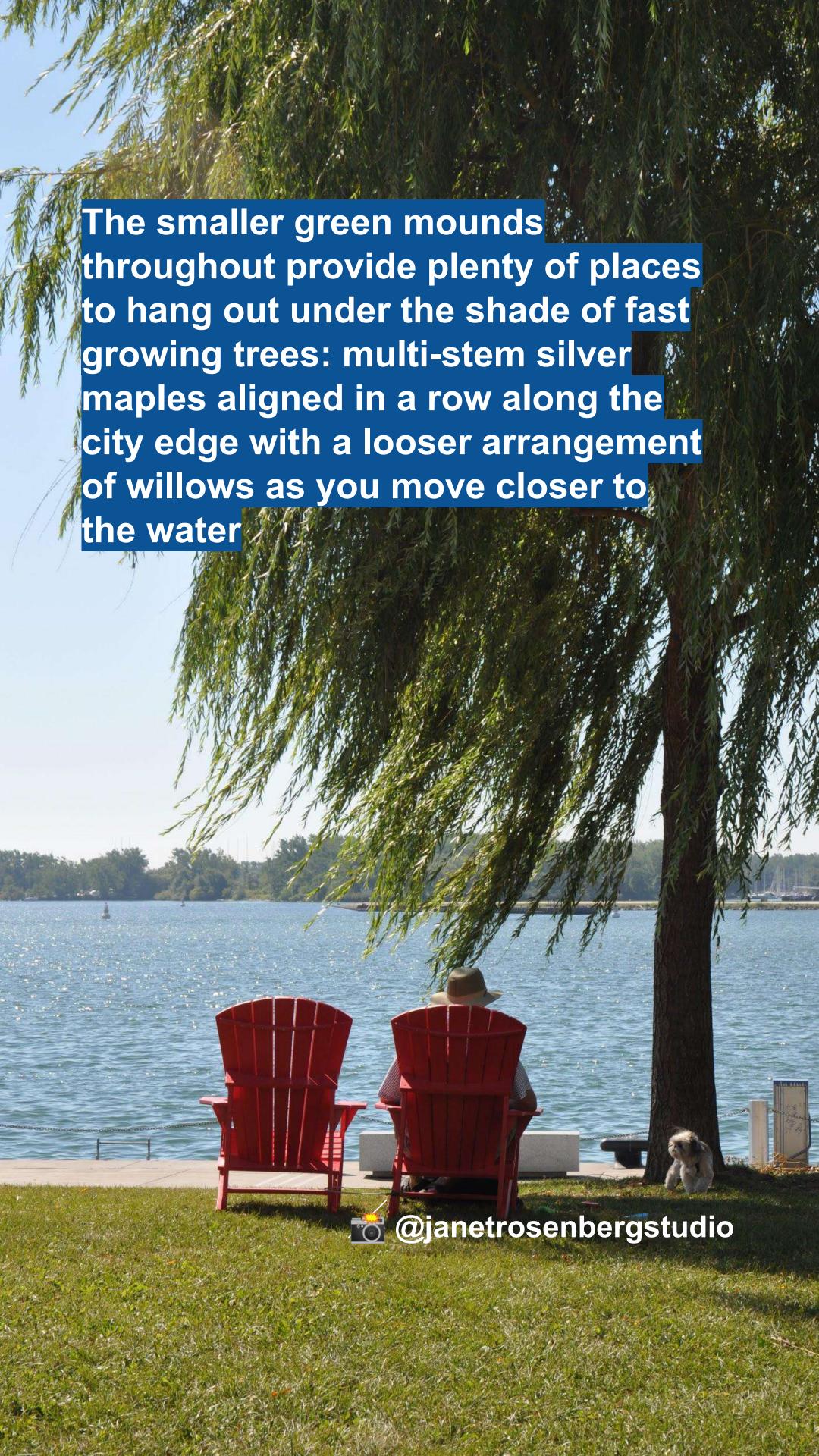






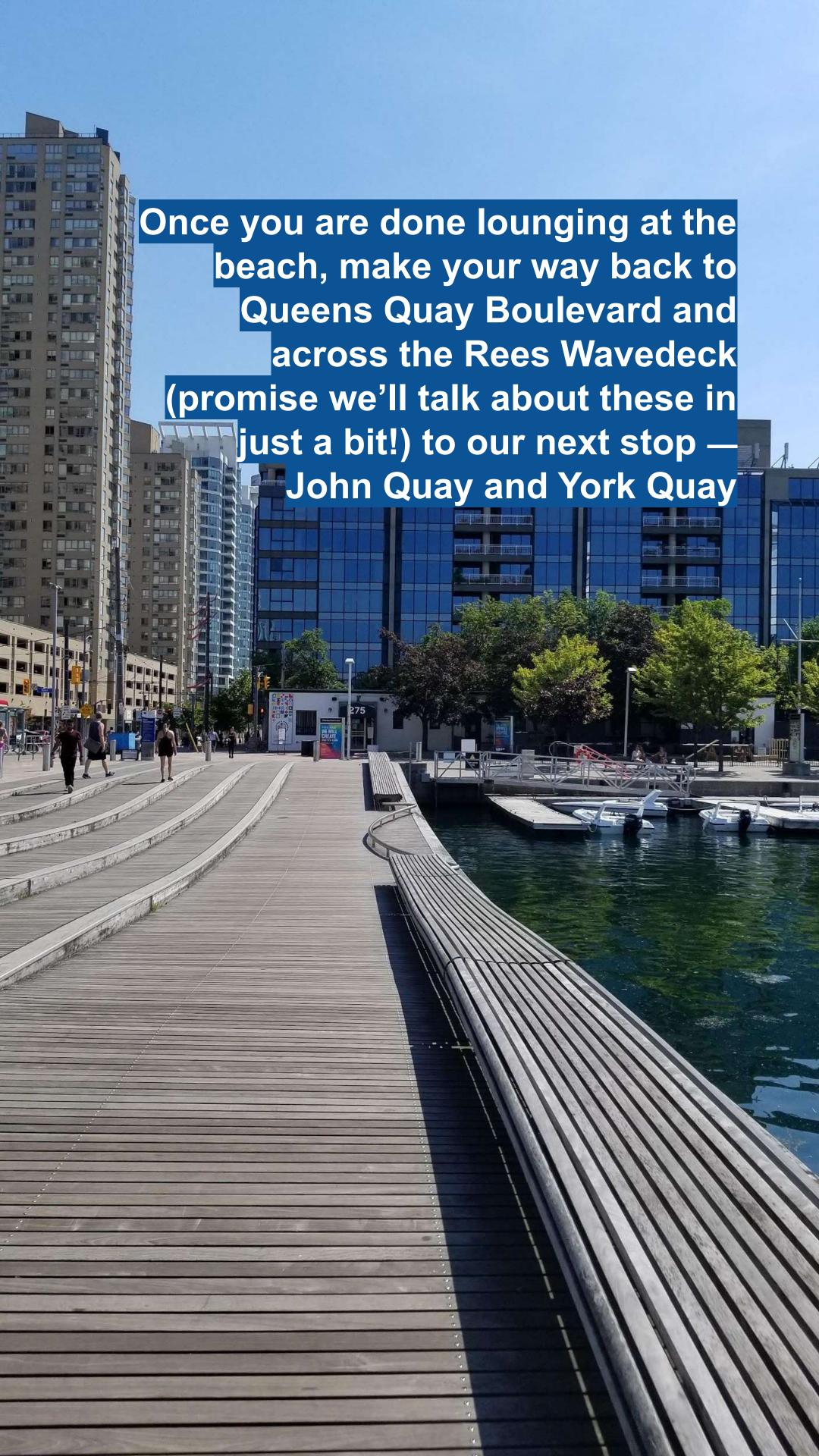


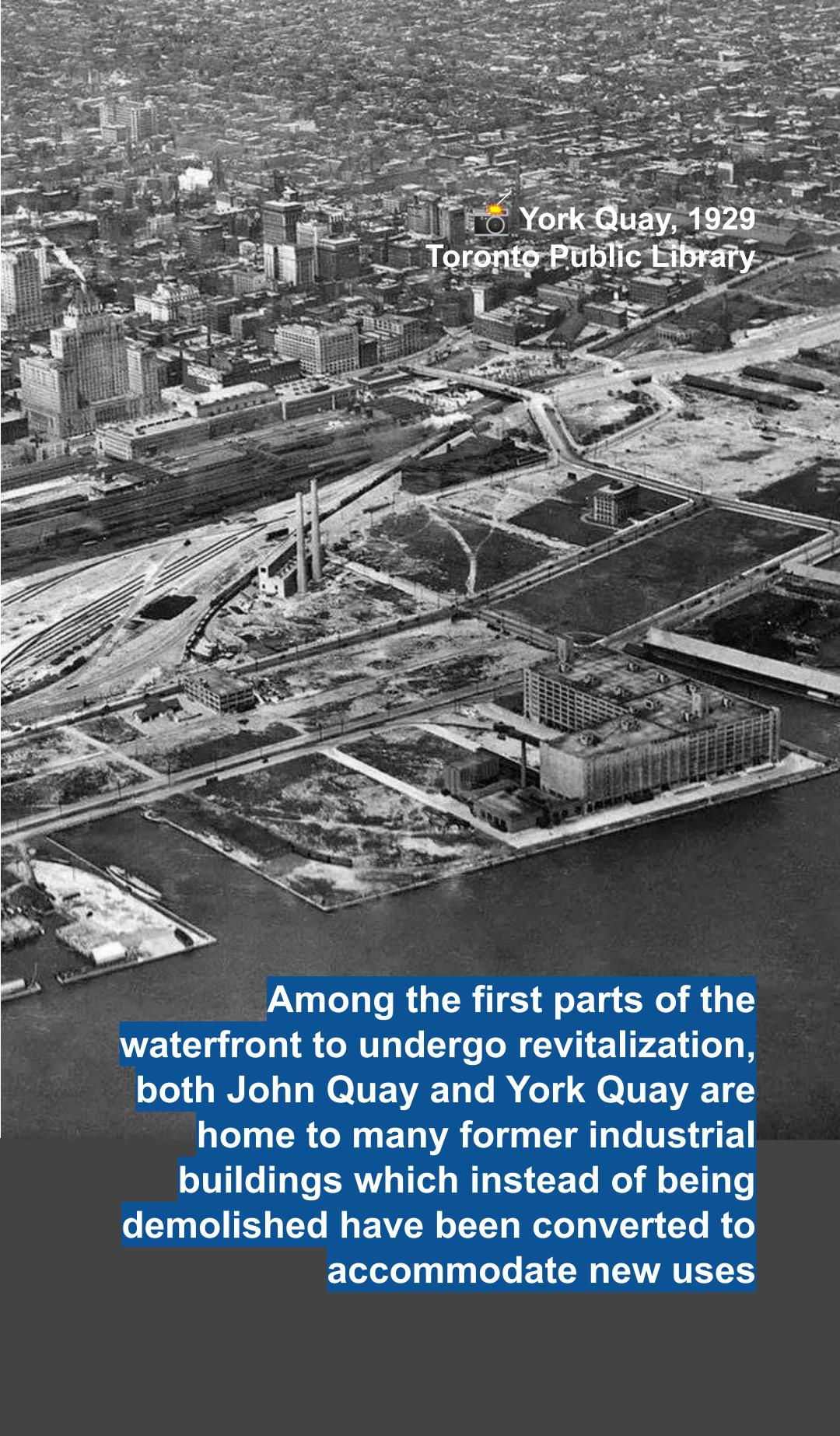




...but its most famous feature is its urban beach dotted with bright yellow metal umbrellas, a first of its kind in Toronto!

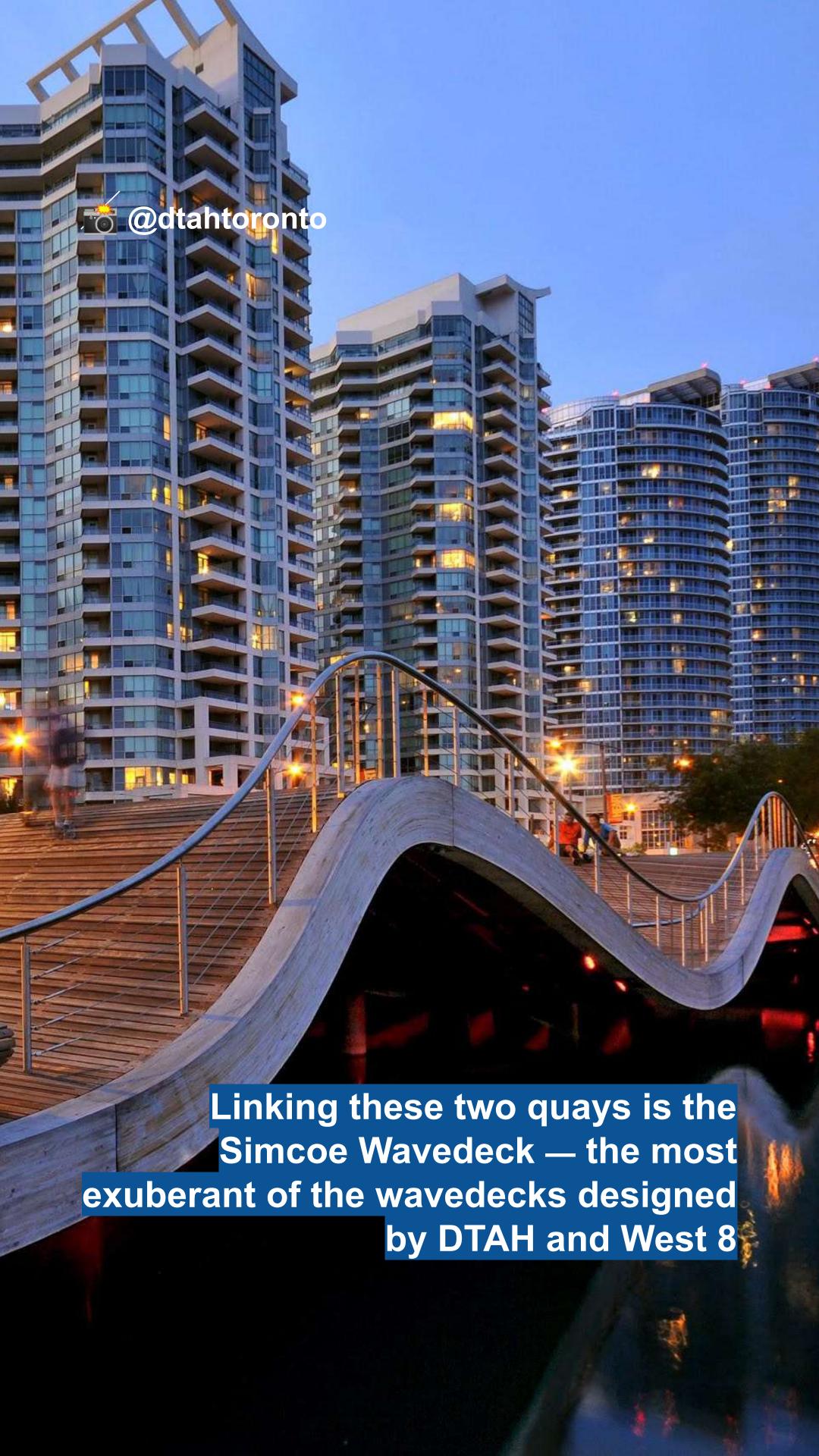




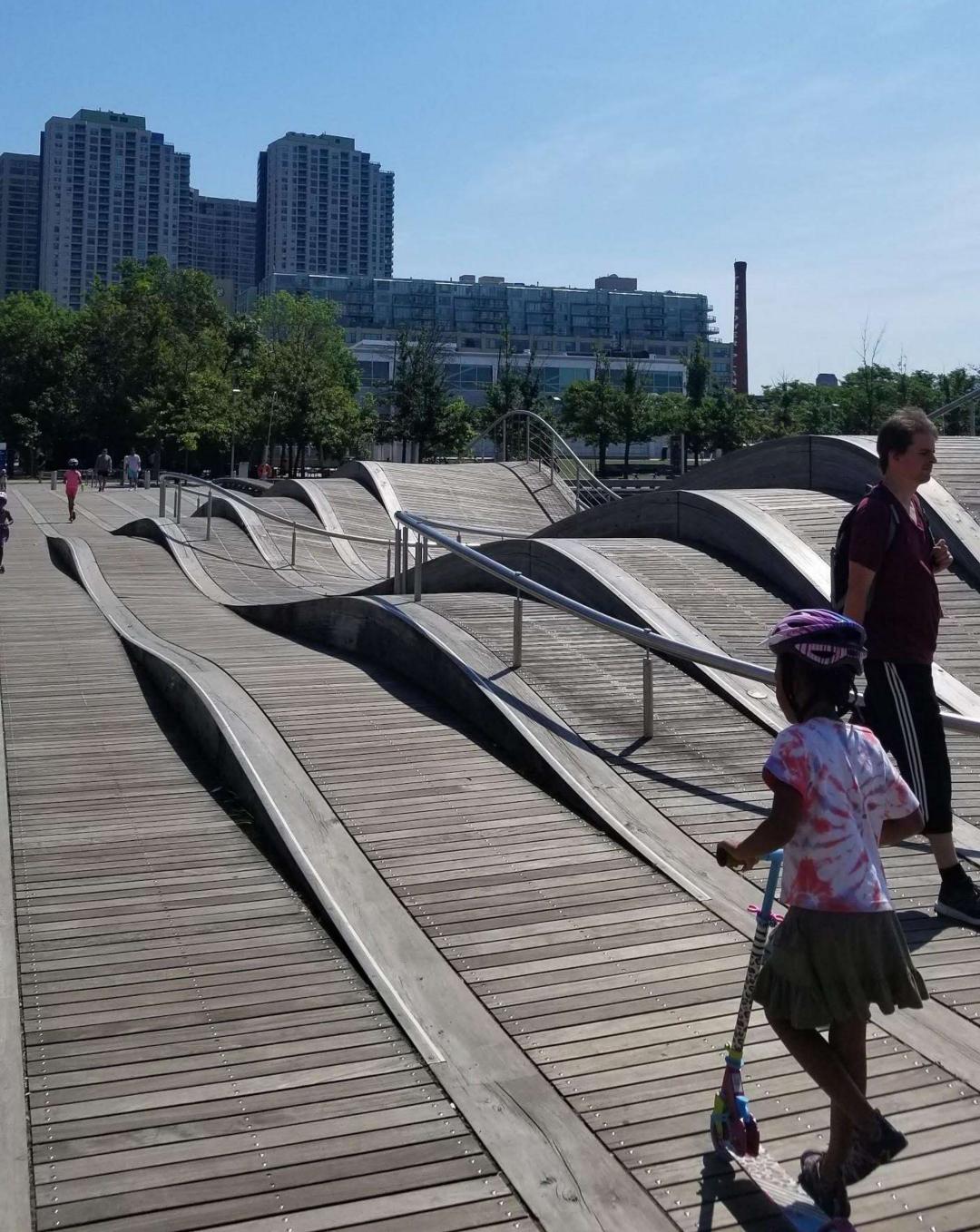


...like the 1930 Transit Shed #4, the only remaining example of early frame warehouses that once dominated the waterfront between Simcoe and Yonge which was converted into a restaurant when the hotel opened next door in 1985

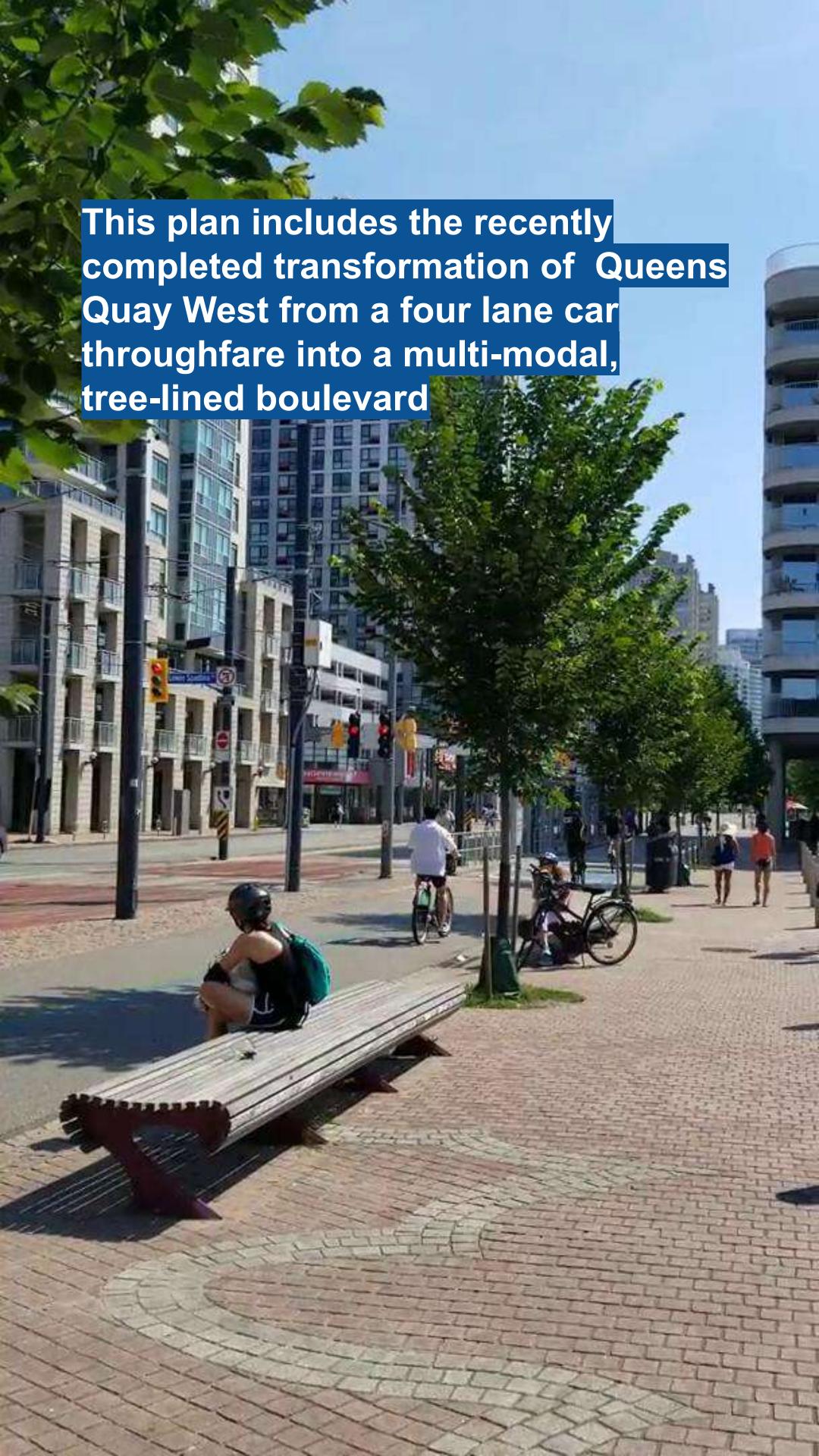




A cross between bridge and boardwalk, the wavedecks extend public space out over the water at three slip-ends













TSA

Join us next weekend when we continue our exploration of the Central Waterfront—there is still so much to see!

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...and remember, when exploring bring some water, wear some sun screen and make sure to practice physical distancing!

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...and don't forget to share your explorations with us!

Tour developed by the Toronto Society of Architects, 2020

Originally formatted as an Instagram Stories tour

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